

# Searching for the Higgs with ATLAS

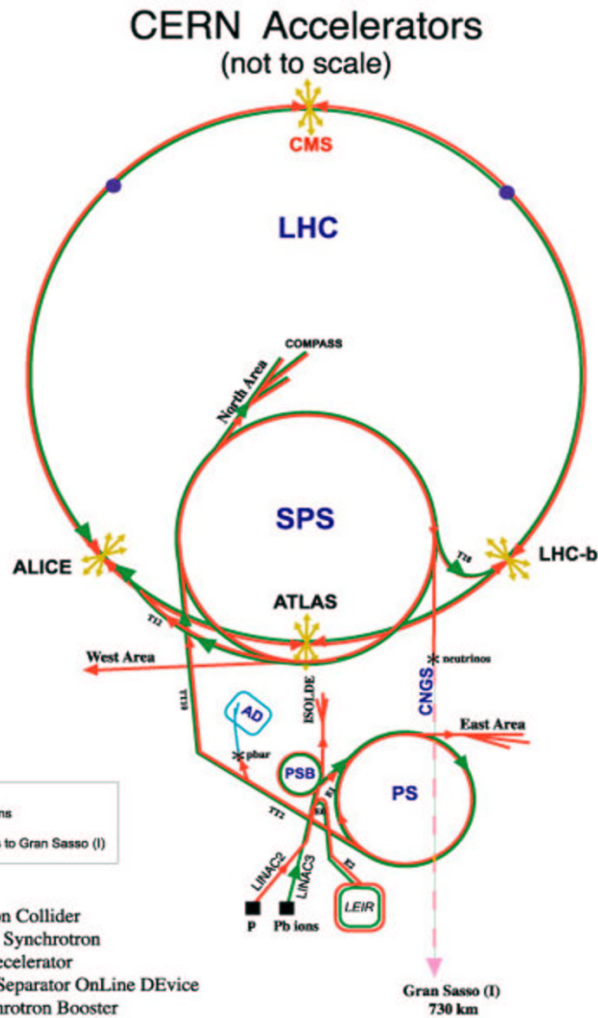
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DPF Meeting 2004

# LHC



▶  $\sqrt{s}=14 \text{ TeV}$  p-p collider

▶ Luminosity

- initial= $2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

- design= $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

▶ Bunch crossings every 25ns  
(design lumi)

▶ High statistics

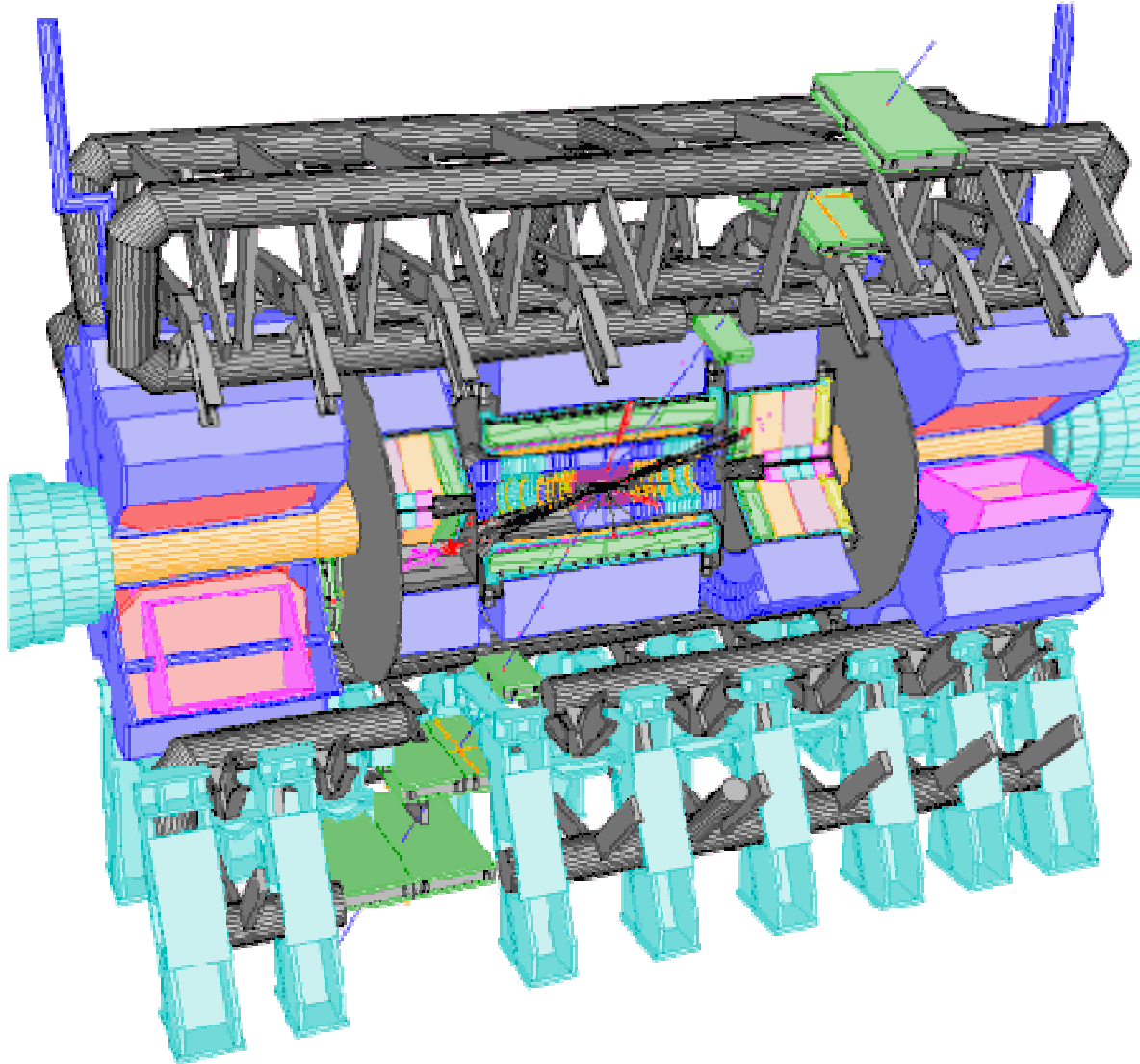
- W, Z, top factory

- Most precision measurements limited by systematic error

LHC: Large Hadron Collider  
SPS: Super Proton Synchrotron  
AD: Antiproton Decelerator  
ISOLDE: Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice  
PSB: Proton Synchrotron Booster  
PS: Proton Synchrotron  
LINAC: LINear ACcelerator  
LEIR: Low Energy Ion Ring  
CNGS: Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso

Radolf LEI, PS Division, CERN, 02.09.96  
Revised and adapted by Antonella Del Rosso, ETT Div.,  
in collaboration with H. Desforges, SE Div., and  
D. Manglani, PS Div. CERN, 23.05.01

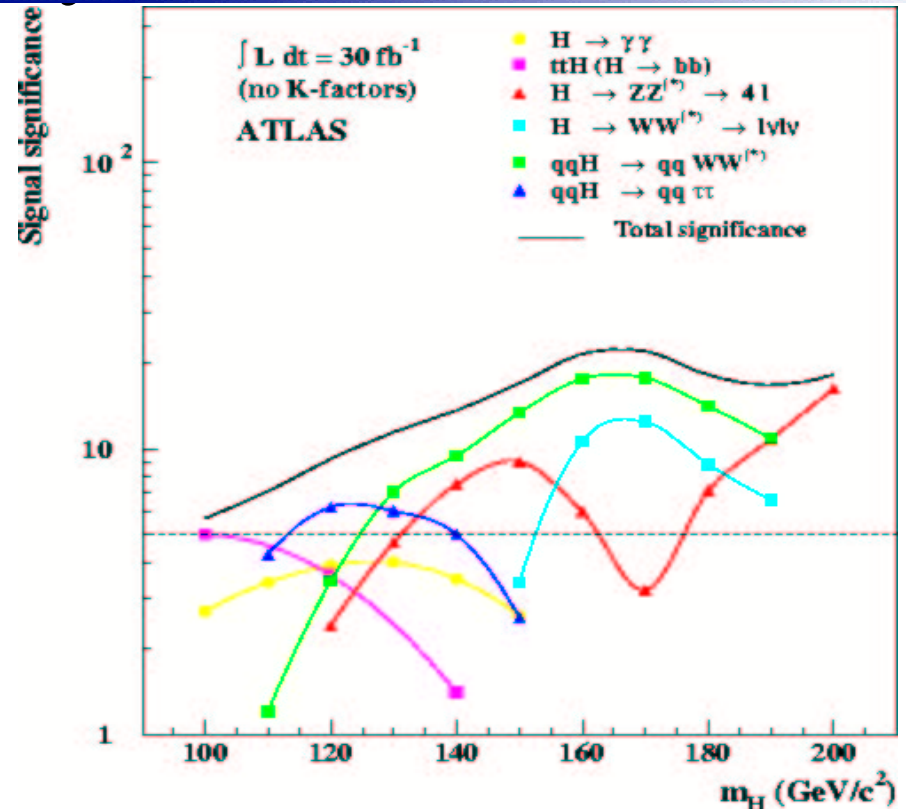
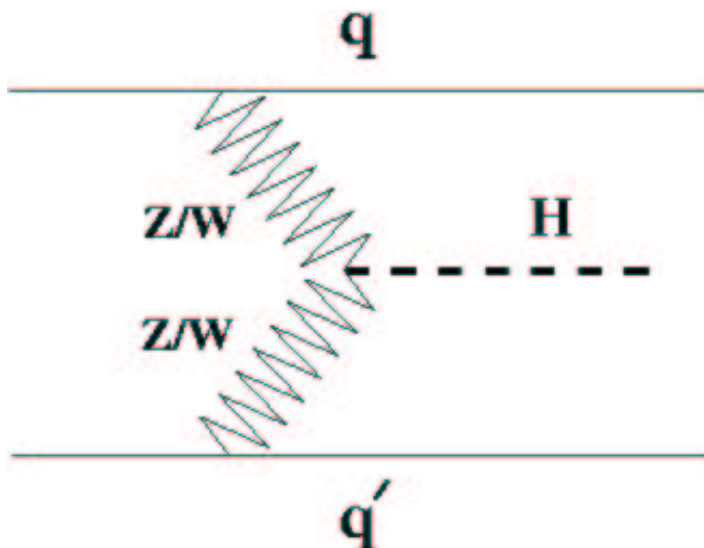
# ATLAS



- ▶ Inner detector
  - Tracking in  $|\eta| < 2.5$
- ▶ Calorimetry
  - EM Cal. ( $|\eta| < 3.2$ )
  - Had. Cal ( $|\eta| < 4.9$ )
- ▶ Air-Core Toroid  
Muon Spectrometer

# Higgs Physics

- ▶ Lower limit on Higgs Mass from direct search:  $\sim 114$  GeV
  - ATLAS has discovery potential over full mass range
- ▶ Strategy for low mass is to look for Higgs + two jets:



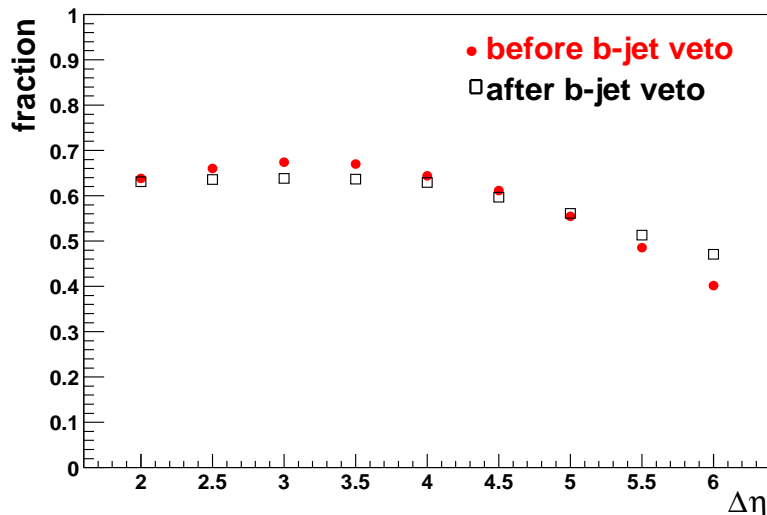
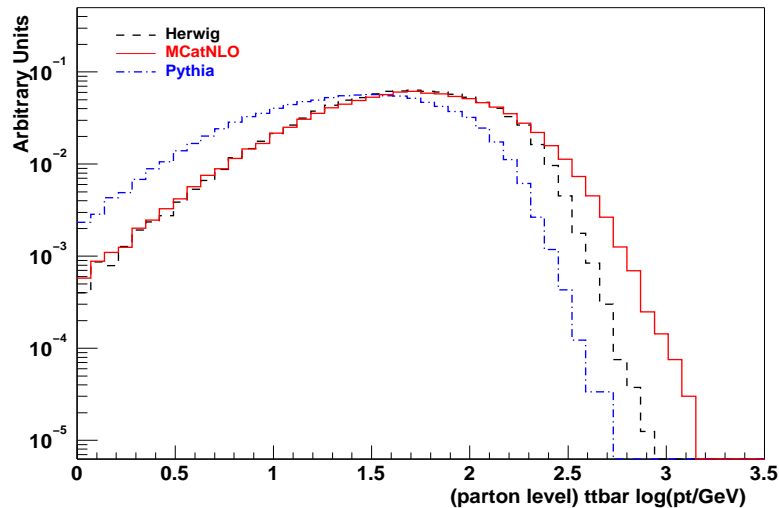
- ▶ Still work to be done
  - Optimizations, etc.
  - Control Samples & Systematics

# VBF $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu(1)$

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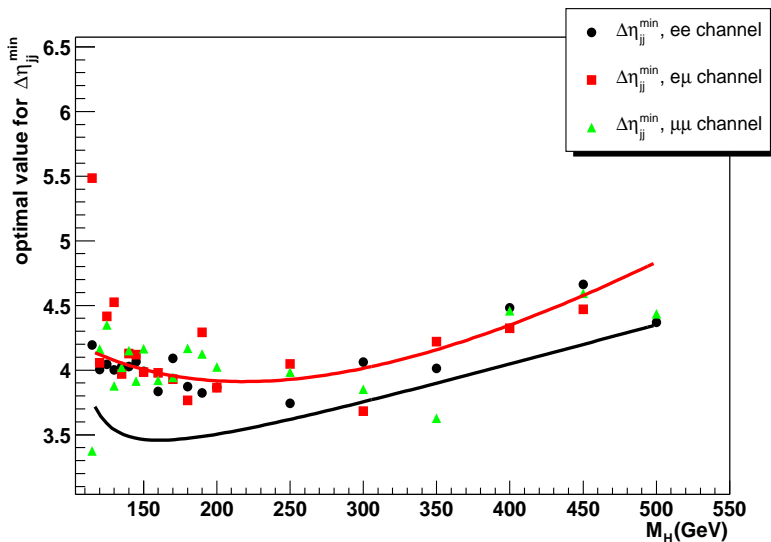
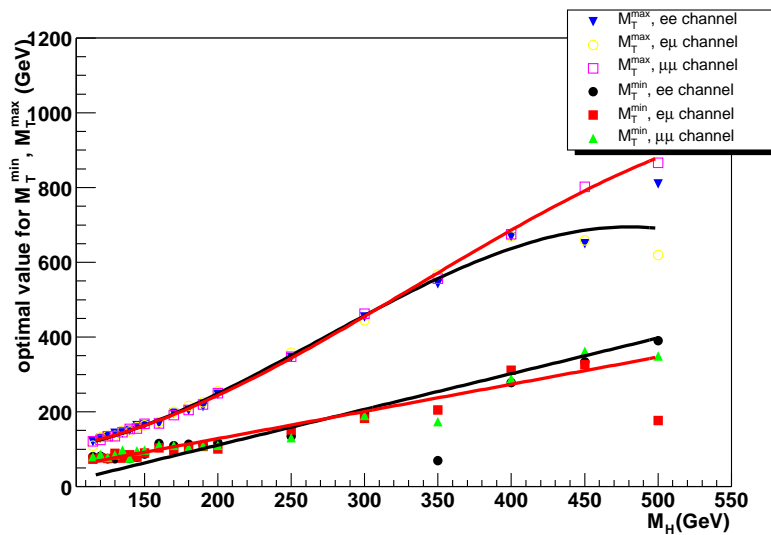
- ▶ Two leptons, two forward jets, missing  $P_T$
  - ▶ Background dominated by:
    - Top quark pairs
    - Electroweak (i.e., t-channel exchange of vector boson)  $WW$  production
  - ▶ Important features of recent analysis:
    - New description (MC@NLO) of top background
    - Neural Network analysis over broad mass range
    - Mass-dependent cut optimization to make comparison with Neural Network analysis fair
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# VBF $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu(2)$



- ▶ Tree-level t-t monte carlo with parton shower underestimates  $P_T$  of t-t system
  - Need matrix-element description of  $t\bar{t}+1j$ , as in MC@NLO, because extra jet plays a large role
- ▶ b-tagging can be used to define a control sample

# VBF $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu(3)$



► Use genetic algorithm to optimize cuts independently for each mass

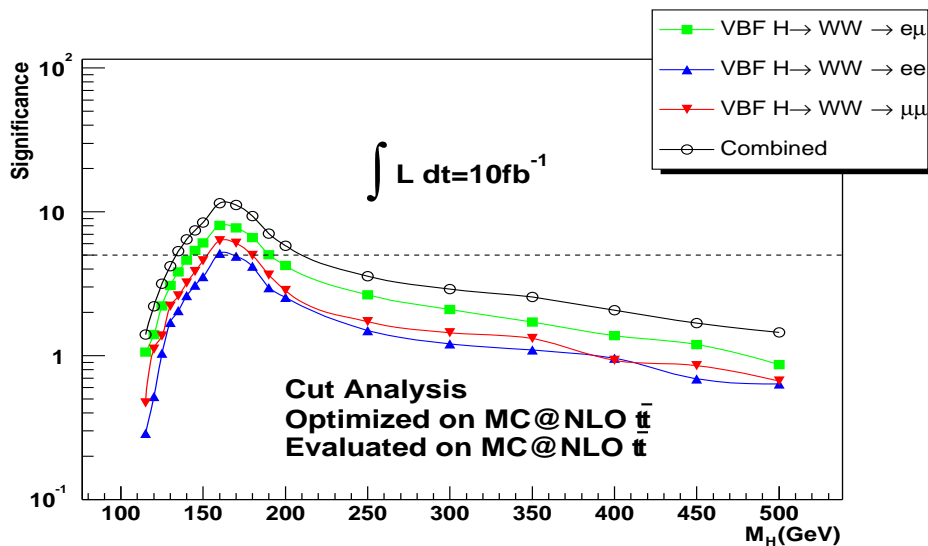
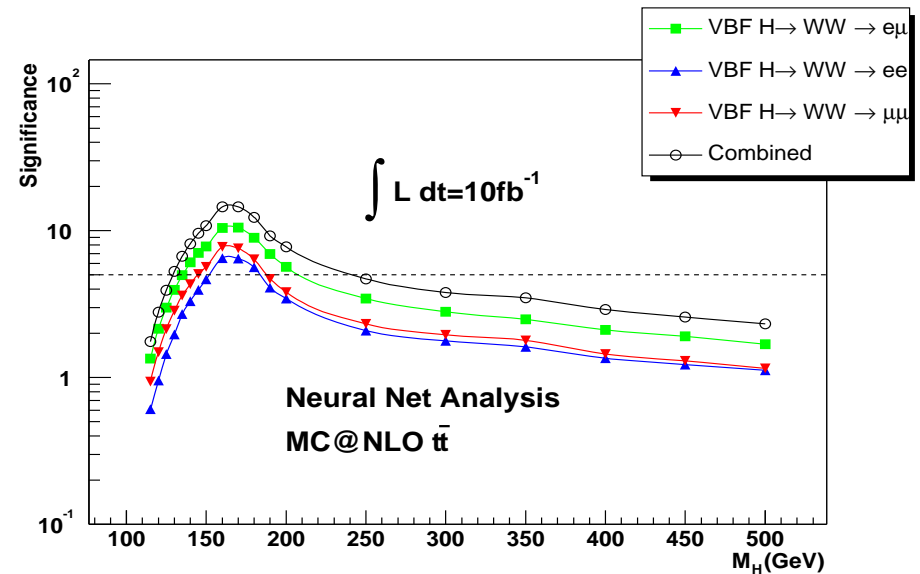
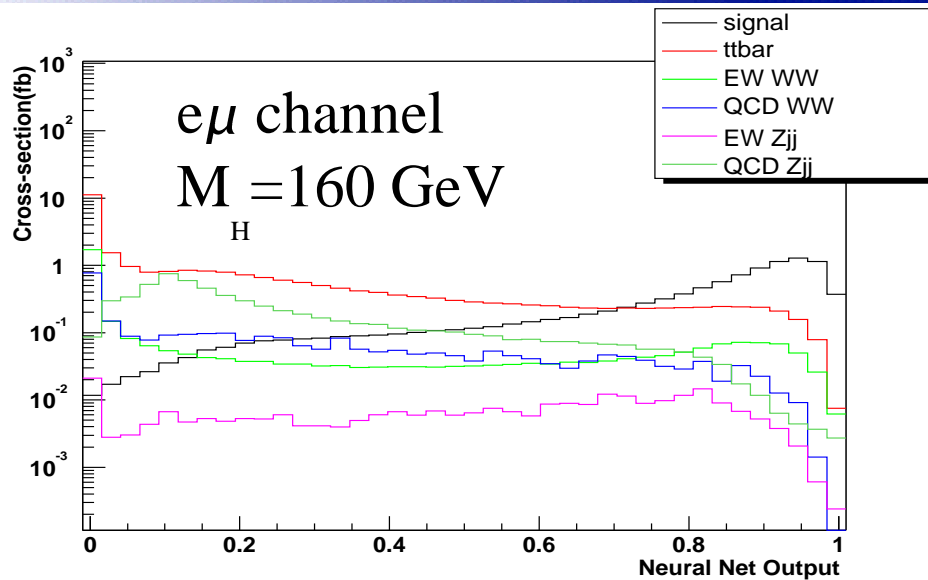
- Separate optimizations for ee, e $\mu$ , and  $\mu\mu$  channels as a check
- Perform optimization for Pythia (black curve) and MC@NLO (red curve) description of top quark background

➡ Points are from MC@NLO

► Cuts are applied to  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ ,  $M_{jj}$ ,

$\Delta\eta_{II}$ ,  $\Delta\phi_{II}$ ,  $M_{II}$ ,  $M_T$

# VBF $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu(4)$



▶ Trained using Pythia  $t\bar{t}$ , tested using MC@NLO  $t\bar{t}$

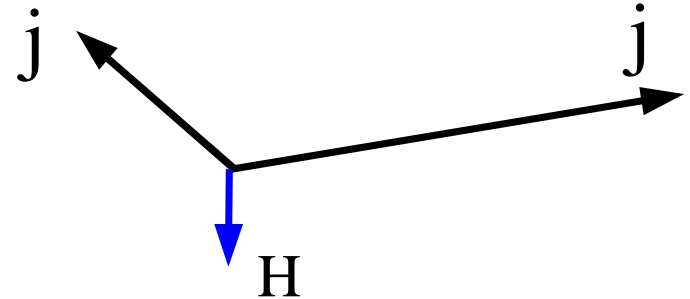
- Same variables as GA, plus  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$ , not useful for cuts

▶ NN offers  $> \sim 30\%$  improvement over classical cuts

# Do We Need 2 Tag Jets?

## ▶ "Forward" tag jets?

- Forward region is more difficult to understand: pileup, etc.
- For low  $M_H$ , one jet is often central



## ▶ Tagging two jets suppresses gluon fusion

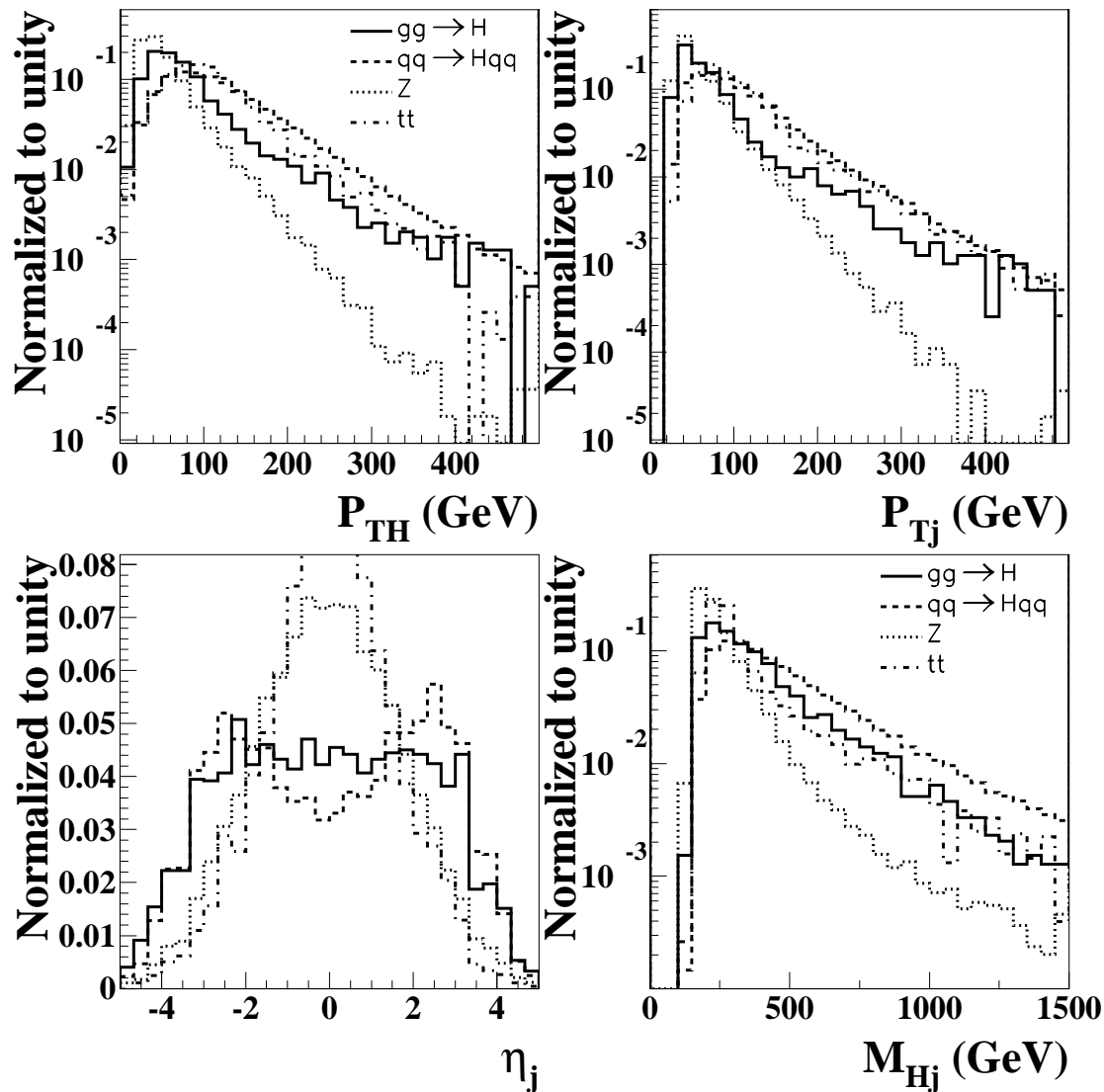
## ▶ Strict Central Jet Veto: Reject event if any non-tag jet has $P_T > 20\text{GeV}$ in $|\eta| < 3.2$

- Underlying event & pileup may be small, but might not. This could complicate things.

## ▶ New approach:

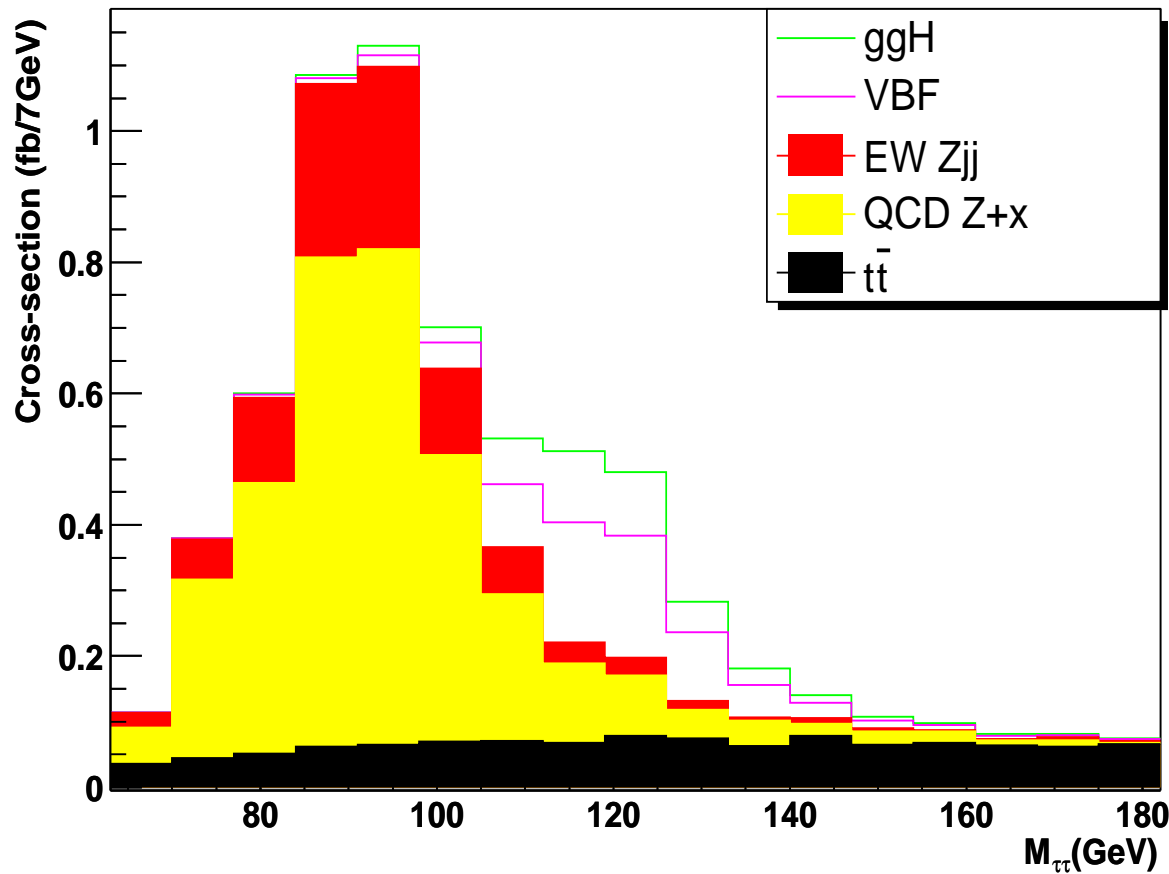
- Only tag one jet
  - Cut on  $M_{Hj}$
  - Weaker Central Jet Veto
- ▶ Can either complement or replace "two-tag" scheme

# $\tau\tau+1j$ (1)



- ▶ Final state: One hard recoil jet, two leptons and missing  $P_T$  from  $\tau$  decays
- ▶ Recoil Jet tends not to be very central ( $|\eta| > 1$ )
- ▶  $M_{Hj}$  and  $P_T^{\text{Higgs}}$  provide strong handles to reject Z background
- ▶ Signal is  $\sim 35\%$  gluon fusion and  $\sim 65\%$  VBF

# $\tau\tau+1j$ (2)



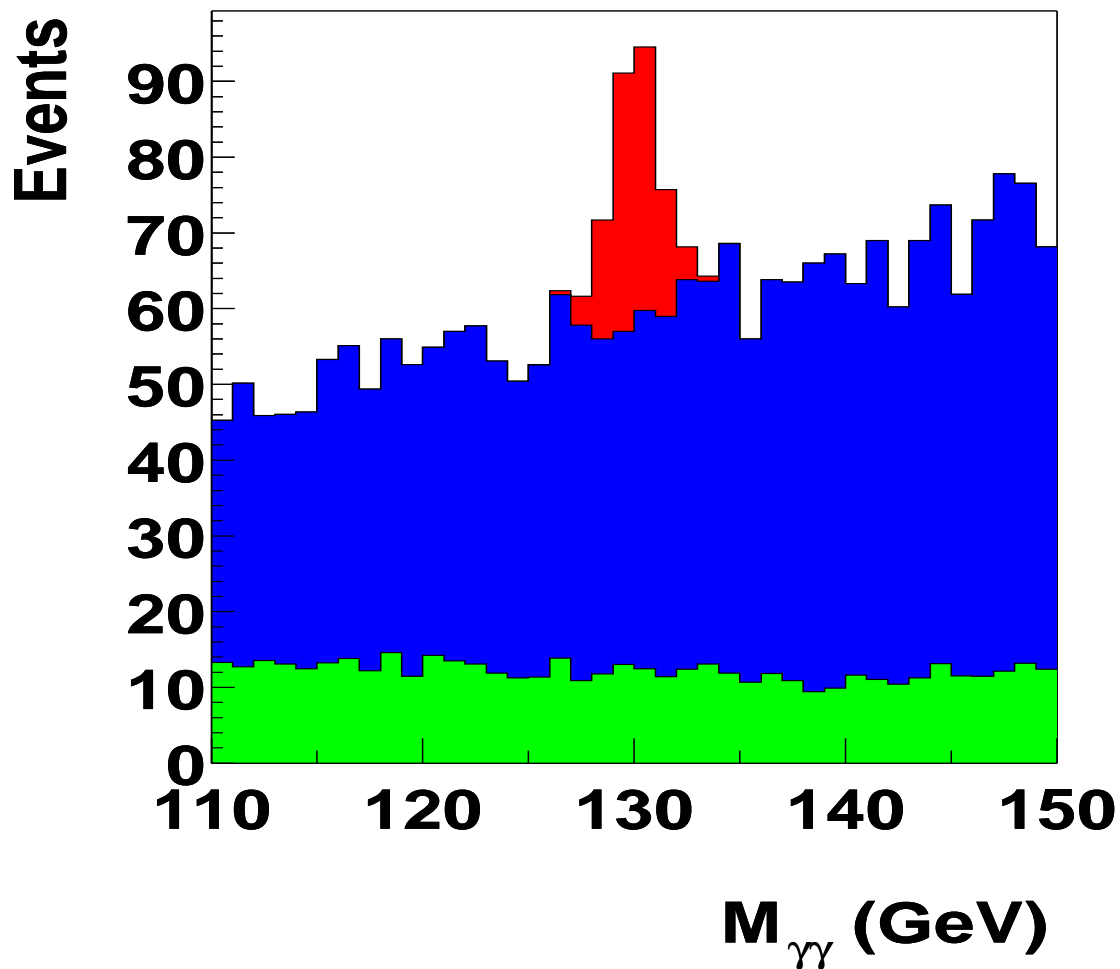
► Significance is  $5.0\sigma$  for  $M_H = 120\text{GeV}$ ,  $30\text{fb}^{-1}$

● Compare to  $< \sim 4\sigma$  for "two-tag" analysis

► Control samples exist for Z+x and top quark backgrounds

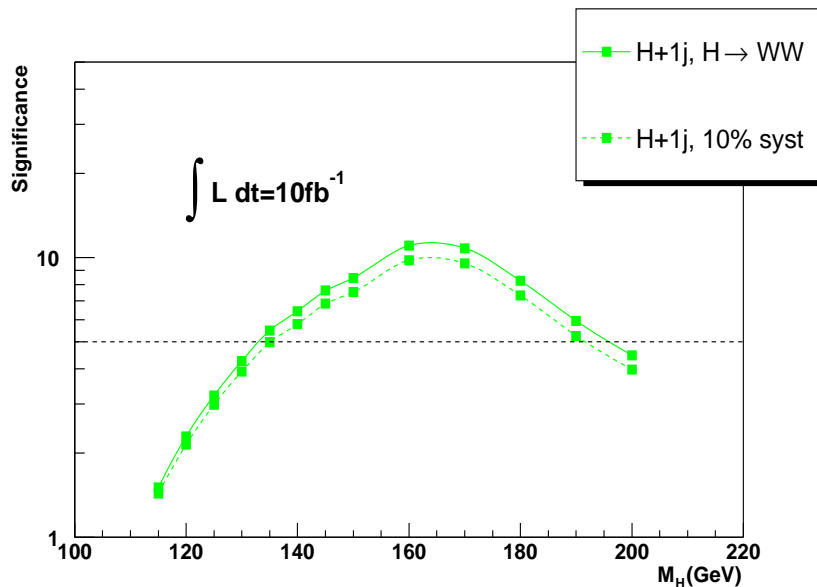
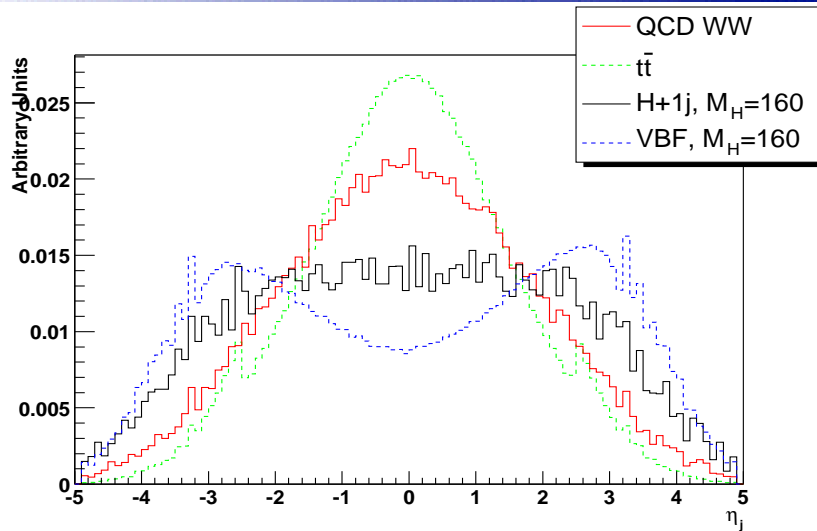
► See [hep-ph/0406095](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0406095) for more details

# $\gamma\gamma+1j$



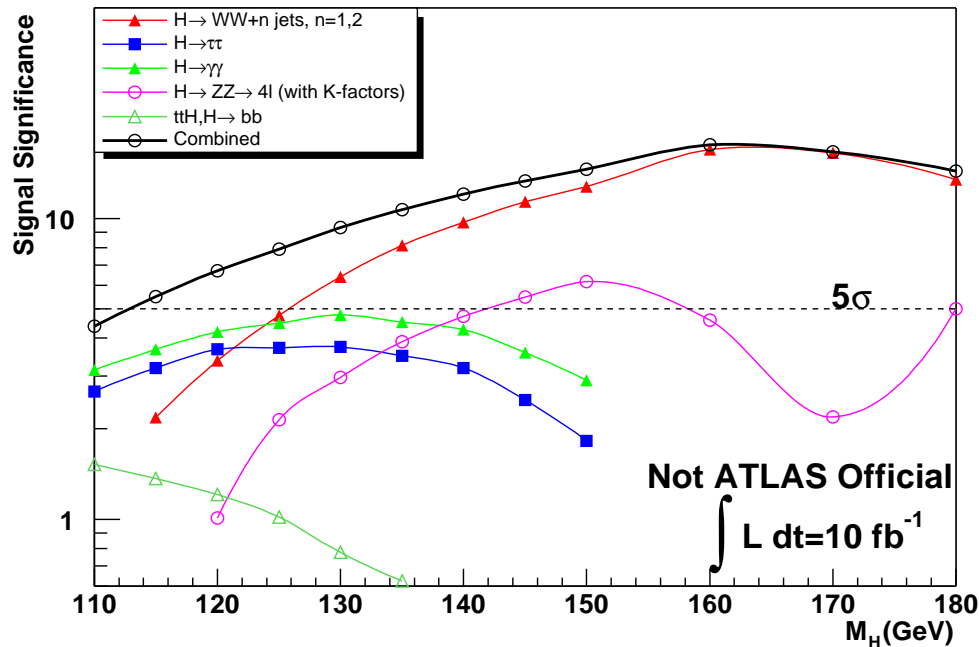
- ▶ Divide "inclusive" sample of events into "tagged" and "untagged" samples
  - Use  $P_T^{\text{Higgs}}$ ,  $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ , and  $M_{\gamma j}$  (tagged only) as NN inputs
  - Gives a ~65% improvement over inclusive cut analysis

# WW+1j



- ▶ Two neutrinos in final state:  
Can't reconstruct  $M_H$  (or  $M_{Hj}$ )
  - Need to require tag jet be forward
- ▶ No overlap with "two-tag"  
 $H \rightarrow WW$  analysis (upper bound on  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ )
  - Signal is ~88% gluon fusion
- ▶ Control Samples exist for QCD WW and  $t\bar{t}$  backgrounds
  - Analysis is robust against larger uncertainties in background normalization

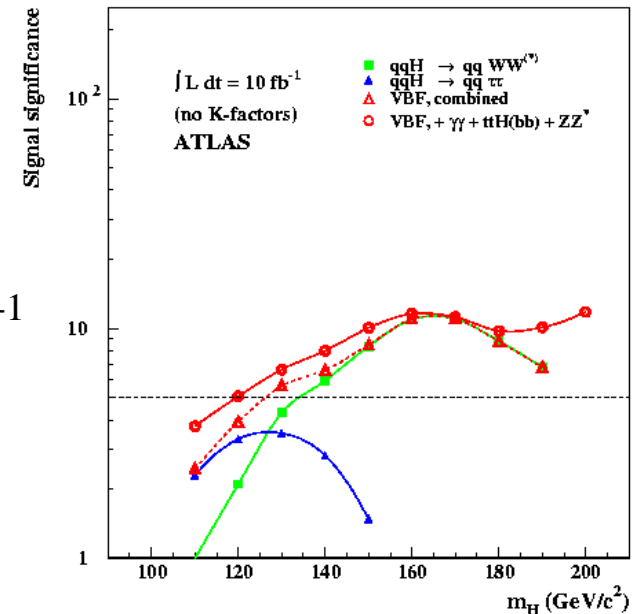
# Combined Significance



▶ Combined significance was calculated by adding curves together in quadrature

▶ Large improvement in coverage for  $10\text{fb}^{-1}$

- "Two-tag" can cover  $M_H > \sim 120 \text{ GeV}$
- "Single-tag" can cover  $M_H > \text{LEP Limit}$



# Summary

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- ▶ VBF  $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$  analysis has improved:
    - New description of top quark background
    - Neural Networks yield 30-50% improvement over classical cuts (optimized for all masses with Genetic Algorithm)
  - ▶ Higgs+1j final states: enhanced coverage & robustness
    - $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow lP_{\tau}^{\text{miss}}$ : reach  $5\sigma$  with a cut analysis after  $30\text{fb}^{-1}$
    - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : 65% enhancement with recoil jet tagging and 2 & 3 variable Neural Networks
    - $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow lP_{\tau}^{\text{miss}}$ : No overlap with existing WW channels, discovery potential for  $M_H > \sim 135 \text{ GeV}$  with  $10\text{fb}^{-1}$
    - Coverage extends below LEP limit with only  $10\text{fb}^{-1}$
-